

Contents

I	Lecture 1	0
1	Crystal Structures	1
1.1	What is special about crystals?	2
1.2	What does this suggest about their structure?	2
1.3	Artistic Example	8
1.4	Formal description	11
1.4.1	The Lattice	11
1.4.2	Lattice vectors	12
1.4.3	The Unit Cell	13
1.4.4	Number of lattice points in cell	18
1.4.5	Wigner-Seitz cell	24
1.4.6	Five Lattices in Two Dimensions	30
II	Lecture 2	0
1.4.7	Fourteen Lattices in Three Dimensions	1
1.4.8	Cubic Unit Cells	3
1.4.9	Length Scale	8
1.4.10	Cell Volume	8
1.4.11	The basis	9
1.4.12	Monatomic crystals	10
1.5	Planar Hexagonal	11
1.6	Cubic crystals	16
1.6.1	Sodium Chloride	16
1.6.2	Caesium Chloride	21
1.7	Planes, Lines etc	26
1.7.1	Miller Indices	26
1.7.2	Directions	29
1.7.3	Symmetry-related sets	29
1.7.4	Spacing between planes	30
III	Lecture 3	0
1.7.5	Spacing between planes	1

1.7.6	Angles between planes	4
1.7.7	More Examples	5
1.8	Packing Fractions	8
1.8.1	Simple cubic	9
1.8.2	Body-centred cubic	10
1.8.3	Face-centred cubic	11
1.8.4	Hexagonal close-packed	11
1.9	Defects	12
1.9.1	Point defects	13
1.9.2	Dislocations	15
1.9.3	Planar defects	19
1.9.4	Amorphous Solids	21

IV Lecture 4 0

2	Crystal Diffraction	1
2.1	Bragg's Law	1
2.2	Wavelengths and Energies	6
2.2.1	X-ray sources	7
2.2.2	Electron sources	9
2.2.3	Neutron sources	10
2.3	Elastic Scattering	12
2.3.1	Example	14

V Lecture 5 0

2.4	Experimental Methods	1
2.4.1	Laue Method	2
2.4.2	Rotating Crystal Method	6
2.4.3	Powder Methods	7
2.5	Mathematics of Diffraction	9
2.5.1	Monatomic Structure	9
2.5.2	The Reciprocal Lattice	10
2.5.3	The Scattered Amplitude	11
2.6	The Laue Construction	12
2.7	Non-Monatomic Structures	14
2.7.1	Simple Treatment	14

VI Lecture 6	0
2.7.2 Detailed Treatment	1
2.8 Other Information	2
3 Bonding in Crystals	3
3.1 Types of Bond	3
3.2 Interatomic Potential Curves	6
3.3 Interatomic Potential Curves	7
3.4 van der Waals Interaction	8
3.4.1 Short-range repulsion	10
3.5 van der Waals Solids	12
VII Lecture 7	0
3.5.1 Energy of van der Waals Solid	1
3.5.2 Equilibrium Separation	4
3.5.3 Choice of Structure	5
3.5.4 Bulk Modulus	6
3.6 Ionic Crystals	9
3.6.1 Ionic Radii and Packing	10
3.6.2 Ionic Lattice Sums	13
3.6.3 Linear Chain	14
3.6.4 Three dimensions	14
3.6.5 Ionic Structures	15
VIII Lecture 8	0
4 Dynamics of Crystals	1
4.1 Chains of Atoms	2
4.1.1 Longitudinal Waves on Linear Chain	3
4.1.2 The Brillouin Zone	8
4.1.3 More than one atom per cell	11
IX Lecture 9	0
4.1.3 More than one atom per cell (contd)	1
4.1.4 Degenerate case of diatomic chain	4

4.1.5 Three dimensions	5
4.1.6 Measuring Phonon Spectra	8
4.2 Normal Modes	10
4.3 Phonon Density of States	12
4.3.1 One Dimension - $g(k)$	12

X Lecture 10	0
4.3 Phonon Density of States	2
4.3.1 One Dimension - $g(k)$	2
4.3.2 Assumption of Continuous Energy	4
4.3.3 One Dimension: $g(E)$ or $g(\omega)$	5
4.4 Three dimensions - $g(E)$ or $g(\omega)$	8
4.4.1 Special case - single frequency	11
4.4.2 Quantised Simple Harmonic Oscillator	14

XI Lecture 11	0
4.5 Experimental Specific Heats	1
4.6 Debye Theory	11
4.6.1 The Debye Frequency	13
4.6.2 Debye specific heat	15
4.6.3 Debye model: high T	18
4.6.4 Debye model: low T	20
4.6.5 Successes and shortcomings	22

XII Lecture 12	0
4.7 Lattice Thermal Conductivity	1
4.8 Experimental values	1
4.8.1 Phonons as particles	4
4.8.2 Phonon momentum	5
4.8.3 Phonon interactions	6
4.8.4 Heat Transport	8
4.8.5 Boundary scattering	10
4.8.6 Point defect scattering	11
4.8.7 Phonon-phonon scattering	12
4.8.8 Combined processes	15

XIII	Lecture 13	0
5	Electrons in Solids - Overview	1
5.1	Experimental values	1
5.1.1	Electrical Resistivity	1
XIV	Lecture 14	0
6	The Free Electron Model	1
6.1	Basic Assumptions	1
6.1.1	Constant Potential	2
6.1.2	Free Electron Fermi Gas	7
6.1.3	The Fermi Energy	9
6.1.4	Orders of magnitude	11
6.1.5	The Fermi surface	12
6.2	Some simple properties of the free electron gas	13
6.2.1	Thermionic emission	13
6.2.2	Field emission	15
6.2.3	Photoemission	17
6.2.4	X-ray emission (Auger spectroscopy)	18
6.2.5	Contact potential	20
XV	Lecture 15	0
6.3	Thermal Behaviour of free electron gas	1
6.3.1	Review of Fermi function	1
6.3.2	Electronic specific heat	3
6.3.3	Experimental results	6
6.4	Electrical Conductivity	8
6.4.1	Classical treatment	8
6.4.2	Relaxation time	10
6.4.3	Electrical conductivity	12
XVI	Lecture 16	0
6.4.4	Experimental results	1
6.5	Electronic Thermal Conductivity	2

6.5.1	The Wiedemann-Franz law	4
6.6	Conductivity – the view from reciprocal space	7
6.6.1	Electrical conductivity	7
6.6.2	Thermal conductivity	9
6.6.3	Contributions to scattering	11
XVII	Lecture 17	0
6.7	Plasma Oscillations	1
6.8	The Hall Effect	5
6.9	Free electron approximation – final comments	11
6.9.1	Screening	12
6.9.2	Electron-electron scattering	13
6.9.3	Binding energy of metals	14
XVIII	Lecture 18	0
7	Electrons in Periodic Structures	1
7.1	Bloch's theorem	2
7.2	The Nearly Free Electron model	6
7.2.1	Basic ideas	6
7.2.2	Perturbation theory	8
7.2.3	Fourier Analysis	11
7.2.4	The Energy Gap	12
7.3	An exactly-soluble model	14
XIX	Lecture 19	0
7.3	An exactly-soluble model	1
7.4	Sketching energy bands	4
7.4.1	The empty lattice	4
7.4.2	The nearly free electron	5
7.5	Consequences of the energy gap	6
7.5.1	Density of states	6
7.5.2	States in one dimension	7
7.5.3	Sketching a nearly free electron Fermi surface	18
7.5.4	Typical Fermi surfaces in 3D	20

7.5.5	Effects of fields on electrons in bands	25
XX	Lecture 20	0
7.6	The tight-binding model	1
7.6.1	Overview	1
7.6.2	Tight-binding theory	5
7.6.3	Comments on tight binding theory	12
XXI	Lecture 21	0
8	Electrons and Holes	1
8.1	Equations of motion	1
8.2	Effective mass	3
8.2.1	Typical effective masses for semiconductors	10
8.3	Electrons and holes	12
8.3.1	Hole wavevector	13
8.3.2	Hole energy	13
8.3.3	Hole velocity	14
8.3.4	Hole effective mass	15
8.3.5	Hole dynamics	16
8.3.6	Experimental	17
8.3.7	Mobility and conductivity	18
XXII	Lecture 22	0
9	Physics of Semiconductors	1
9.1	Creating free carriers	1
9.2	Photon absorption	2
9.3	Thermal excitation	4
9.3.1	Law of mass action	8
9.4	Parabolic bands	10
9.5	Intrinsic behaviour	14
XXIII	Lecture 23	0
9.6	Doping - donors and acceptors	1

9.6.1	Impurity states	3
9.6.2	Typical binding energies	8
9.6.3	Deep traps	9
9.6.4	Locating the chemical potential	10
XXIV	Lecture 24	0
9.7	Carrier concentrations	1
9.7.1	Overview	1
9.7.2	Detailed results	4
9.8	Mobility and conductivity	5
9.8.1	Scattering by charged impurities	6
9.8.2	Scattering by phonons	7
9.8.3	Overall effect	8
9.8.4	Hall effect in semiconductors	10
9.8.5	Cyclotron resonance	12
9.9	Carrier diffusion and recombination	14
9.9.1	Recombination	15
9.9.2	Diffusion	17
XXV	Lecture 25	0
9.9	Carrier diffusion and recombination	1
9.9.1	Recombination	2
9.9.2	Diffusion	4
9.9.3	Electric current	6
9.10	Heterojunctions	7
XXVI	Lecture 26	0
9.10	Heterojunctions (cont'd)	1
9.10.1	Junction transistor	1
9.10.2	Field effect transistor	4
9.10.3	Light-emitting diodes	8
9.10.4	Solar cells	10
XXVII	Lecture 27	0

10 Magnetic Materials	1
10.1 Magnetic properties - reminder	3
10.2 Measuring magnetic properties	6
10.2.1 Force method	6
10.2.2 Vibrating Sample magnetometer	7
10.3 Experimental data	8
10.4 Diamagnetism	9
10.5 Paramagnetism	15
10.5.1 Paramagnetism of spin- $\frac{1}{2}$ ions	16
XXVIII Lecture 28	0
10.5.2 General J ionic paramagnetism	1
10.5.3 States of ions in solids	7
10.6 Interacting magnetic moments	15
10.6.1 Direct magnetic interaction	16
10.6.2 Exchange interaction	17
10.6.3 Effective field model	18
10.6.4 The mean field approximation	19
XXIX Lecture 29	0
10.6.5 Mean field theory of ferromagnetism	1
10.6.6 Paramagnetic regime	8
10.6.7 Effect of magnetic field on ferromagnet	11
10.6.8 Anisotropy in magnetic systems	15
10.7 Magnetic domains	16
10.7.1 Magnetic field energy	16
10.7.2 Domain walls	18
10.8 Other types of magnetic ordering	20
10.9 Magnetic properties of metals	22
10.9.1 Free electron paramagnetism	22
10.9.2 Ferromagnetic metals	23
XXX Lecture 30	0

11 Superconductivity	1
11.1 Basic experimental observations	1
11.1.1 Disappearance of resistance	1
11.1.2 Specific Heat	8
11.1.3 Effect of magnetic field	10
11.1.4 Perfect diamagnetism	10
11.2 Basic thermodynamics	14
11.2.1 Specific heat	16
11.2.2 The shielding currents	18
XXXI Lecture 31	0
11.3 Phenomenological theories	1
11.3.1 Measurement of penetration depth	3
11.4 Coherence	5
11.5 Microscopic model	7
11.5.1 The energy gap	11
11.5.2 The wavefunction	12
11.6 Experimental evidence for energy gap	15
11.6.1 Specific heat	15
11.6.2 Infrared absorption	16
11.7 Tunnelling currents	19
11.7.1 Type I and type II behaviour	23